Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Open University Term End Examination January – 2023

Course	:	BBAR/DBAR	Date	:	01-Feb-2023
Subject Code	:	BBAR/DBAR-102	Time	:	03:45pm to 06:00pm
Subject Name	:	Basics of Accounting	Duration :		02.15 Hours
			Max. Marks	:	70

Section A

Answer the following (Attempt any three)

- 1. Explain the Accounting Principles in details.
- 2. Pass necessary journal entries for the following transactions and post them in the appropriate ledger Accounts of P. Bhavsar.

2020

- Jan. 1 Started business with R 2,00,000 in the Bank and R 40,000 cash.
- 1 Bought shop fittings R 40,000 and a van R 60,000 both paid by cheque.
- 2 Paid rent by cheque R 5,000.
- 3 Bought goods for resale on credit from Zakir & co. R 50,000.
- 5 Cash sales R 5,000.
- 8 Paid wages of assistant in cash R 1,000.
- 10 Paid insurance by cheque R 500.
- 12 Cash sales R 8,000.
- 15 Paid wages of assistant in cash R 1000; Goods returned to Zakir & co R 6,000.
- 17 Paid Zakir & Co. R 30,000 by cheque
- 3. Explain Methods of Depreciation in details.
- 4. Prepare final accounts from the following Trial Balance as on 31-03- 2020 of Pankaj Trial Balance of Panka as on 31-03-2020

That Balance of Fashing as on 51 05 2020		
Name Of Account	Debit (Rs.)	Credit (Rs.)
Drawings /Capital	24000	300000
Purchase / Sales	296000	800000
Goods Returns	80000	20000
Provident Contribution to provident fund	10000	100000
Provident fund investment – Int. on	100000	8000
provident fund investment		
Debtors / Creditors	200000	150000
Discount	46000	14000
Bad Debts & Bad debts reserve	30000	45000
Bills Receivables /Bills payable	15000	25000
Goods Stock (1-04-2019)	80000	
Damage	3000	
Octroi	1000	
Custom duty	18000	
Trade Expenses	90000	
Cash balance	16000	
Bank balance	25000	
Fixed Assets (cost price 500000)	400000	
Advertisement Expenses	28000	
	1462000	1462000

Adjustments:

(1) Stock as on 31-03-2020 is 2,00,000 out of which market value of 30% stock is 20 % more. Market value of 50 % stock is less by 10 %. Whereas remaining stock

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- (2) Good of 5000 given as advertisement.
- (3) Credit sales of 10,000 wrongly recorded as credit purchase.
- (4) Write off 20,000 as bad debts from debtors and provide 10 % Bad debt reserve.
- (5) Calculate 10 % interest on Capital and 5 % interest on Drawings.
- (6) Calculate depreciation at 10 % on fixed assets as per straight line method.
- 5. Explain the Difference between bill of exchange and promissory note.

Section **B**

Answer the following (Attempt any four)

- 1. Explain the Types of Accounts.
- 2. From the following Particulars, prepare a Bank Reconciliation Statement showing the Balance as Per Cash Book on 31st March 2020:
 - (a) Balance as per Pass Bank 8,000
 - (b) Cheques deposited but not credited by the Bank 1,000
 - (c) Cheques issued but not Presented for Payment 500
 - (d) Cheques deposited into Bank without recording in 600 Cash Book
 - (e) Cheques issued to creditors but not recorded in 700 Cash Book
 - (f) Dividend collected by Bank, not recorded in Cash Book 100
 - (g) Debtors directly deposited into Bank not recorded in Cash Book 2,000
 - (h) Debit side of the Cash Book was under cats by 1,000
 - (i) Bank charges debited in Pass Book, not recorded in cash Book 50
- 3. Prepare provision for bad and doubtful debts account and show it in financial statements of respective accounting years given below:
 - Year I Debtors at the end 25000
 - Year II Debtors at the end 15000

Bad debts written off 500

Bad debts not recorded 800

Year III Debtors at the end 10000

Bad debts written of 800

- Maintain provision for bad and doubtful debts @ 10%
- Make rectification entries to rectify the following errors detected while making the final accounts as on 31-3-2019
 - 1. Purchase of machinery Rs 10,000 is left to be recorded.
 - 2. Goods sold to Neelam of Rs 600 is recorded in purchase book by mistake.
 - 3. Rs 3800 paid to Rutu is mistakenly recorded in Prakash's account.
 - 4. Salary paid Rs 20000 is debited twice to salary account.
 - 5. Opening balance of cash account Rs 2000 is brought forward as Rs 200.
- 5. Explain the Difference between Hire Purchase and Instalment system.
- 6. Explain the Various Elements of Cost.

Section C

Part – A (Multiple Choice Questions)

- The basic function of accounting is to maintain proper records of transactions that 1 take place in.
 - Α Chronological order Money order В
 - С Value order D Order
- 2 The total of the _____ book indicates the total value of bills receivable drawn during the period.
 - bills receivable bill payable Α В

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(10)

4.

3	provides for the test of arithmetica	l ac	curacy of various ledger accounts.					
	A Journal	В	Ledger					
	C Trial balance	D	None of these					
4	Which of the following statements states the balance is favorable?							
-	A Cashbook shows debit balance of		Passbook shows credit balance					
	bank	D						
	C Both	D	None of these					
5	Means the gradual decrease or loss in the v							
5	A Depreciation	B	Asset					
	C demolition	D	all of above					
6	Closing stock is always a part of adjustment?							
0	A Yes	B	No					
	C It's a wrong question	D	all of above					
7								
7	Bill of exchange is a/an order to pa A Conditional	ау п В	Unconditional					
0	C Both	D	None of the above					
8	The ownership of goods in Hire purchase s	syste	is transferred right after the					
	payment of installment.	п						
	A First	B	Second					
0	C Last	D	All of the above					
9	Hire Purchase Price and Cash Price is the s	sam	e concept when it comes to Hire					
	purchase.							
	A True	В	False					
10	C Depends on the situation	D	all of these					
10	is resources sacrificed or forgone to							
	A cost	В	price					
	C money	D	None of these					
	and it is							
	Part – B (Do	as l	Directed)	(10)				
1	What is a Cash Book ?							
2	Define Petty Cash Book.							
3	Define Trial Balance.							
4	What is Dishonour of cheque?							
5	Define Depreciation.							
6	What are Compensatory Errors.							
7	What is Negotiable							
8	Explain Revenue stamp.							
9	Explain Hire Purchase Price.							
10	Define Factory overheads.							
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